



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Advocate of Peace

Vol. LXXXIII

THE AMERICAN PEACE SOCIETY

FOUNDED IN MAY, 1828

COLORADO BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D. C.

1921

Index to Volume LXXXIII

A

- Abolition of governmental censorship of radio communications, 157
Across America with the King of the Belgians, Pierre Goemaere, 197
The administration's plan to refund foreign debts, 308-310
Adoption of the peace resolution, 246
After repudiation, what? 89
 Aland Islands dispute, 195, 239
 Albania, 73, 75, 439
 Albert, Prince of Monaco, 172
 Aldrich, Fred H., *World peace*, 440
 Alexander, Horace, *Joseph Gundry Alexander*, 120
Alexander, Joseph Gundry, Horace Alexander, 120
All set for the conference, 385
America and the league of nations, George Wharton Pepper, 92-95
America and the mandates of the league, 113-115
 American group of the interparliamentary union, 107, 169, 212, 348
 An American league of nations, 253, 278
 American peace society, 200, 202, 362, 402
 Ninety-third annual report of the directors, 208
 Report of the president, 209
 Report of the secretary, 210
 Report of the treasurer, 213
 Two annual dinners, 214
 Addresses at banquet in honor of 93d annual meeting, 215-225
 Offer of Carnegie endowment for international peace, 43, 83, 123, 163, 202, 243, 323, 363, 403
The American Peace Society to the conference on the limitation of armament, 369
American Peace Society to the Secretary of State, 323, 363
The American philosophy of government, Alpheus Henry Snow, 398
 American relief administration, 195
American trades unionism and soviet Russia, 35
Americans in Japan, 185
 Andrews, Lincoln C., *Military manpower*, 279
 Andreyev, Leonid, 171
 Anglo-American differences, 158
The Anglo-Japanese treaty, 71
 Anti-Semitism, 38, 91
Argentine of today, William Belmont Parker, 79
 Armament and disarmament, 8, 48, 112, 152-154, 165, 198, 238, 270, 284, 325-329, 364, 374-377, 378, 886, 388, 409-417
 Armenia and the United States, 33, 66-70
Army Americanization and education, 155
As Korea feels, 390
As to an association of nations, 405
As to national interests, Jackson H. Ralston, 431-433
The assembly of the league of nations and the high court of justice, 24-31
 Association of nations, 44, 124, 244, 405
 Austin, O. P., *World debts and paper currency continue to increase*, 20-22
 Austria, 117, 158, 316
Austrian Peace Society, 116

B

- The Balkans*, 357, 426-428
 Bell, William, *A scavenger in France*, 319
Bernstorff's preachments at home, 314
 Bevan, Ralph H., *The psychological surgery of war*, 104-107
 Blymer, William H., *The isolation plan (non-intercourse) with annexes on the covenant*, 360
 Bodfish, John D. W., *Solving our industrial problem*, 14-17
 Bolshevism, 10, 76, 80
Bolshevism: practice and theory, Bertrand Russell, 80
Mr. Borah reflects, 346
 Borchard, Edwin M., *Limitations on the functions of international courts*, 259-262
 Bouton, S. Miles, *And the Kaiser abdicates*, 79
Rear Admiral Bowles on armament, 388
Briand's triumph and Briand, 204
Britain and Ireland, 274-276
The British peace society's centenary, 356
The British year book of international law, 1920-21, Cyril M. Picciotti, 39
Brothers under the skin, 288
 Bryce, James, *Modern democracies*, 196
The Bryce lectures aid, 285
 Burton, Hon. Theodore E., *Present outlook for international peace*, 219-222
 Butler, President Nicholas Murray, *"Self-determination,"* 54

C

- Cables across the Pacific, 408
 Call, Arthur Deerin:
 Our friendships, 215-217
 Three facts in American foreign policy, 140-145
 Cambon, Paul, 48
Can it be a "Happy new year"? 3
 Canada, 207, 316, 358
A capital of good-will, 48
Carnegie endowment for international peace year book, 1921, No. 10, 399
 Cassavetes, N. J., *A wrong settlement endangering the peace of the Balkans*, 426-428
 Central America, 46, 73
 Central American court of justice, 46
 Chafee, Zechariah, Jr., *Freedom of speech*, 79
 Chase, Mary N., *New Hampshire peace society's report*, 115
 Chile's concession to the Krupps of Germany, 157
The Chimarristes, 278
 China, 36, 337, 339, 418-424
 China and Germany, 314
China and "Self-determination," 130
 Claxton, P. F., *Cost of education in the United States*, 182-184
Clearing the ways for the great conference, 304-307
 Cobb, Frank I., *The need of disarmament to relieve the exhausting strain on the nation's economic resources*, 378-380
Secretary Colby visits southern republics, 34
 Colombian treaty, 167
Common ideals—not formal alliances, 88
The conference, 363
The conference invitations, 283
 Conference on the limitation of armament, 244, 268, 283, 284, 304-307, 327-329, 363-365, 374-377, 380, 385, 403, 405, 409-425
The conference moves forward, 409
 Congrès démocratique international, 438
Cost of education in the United States, P. F. Claxton, 182-184
 Costa Rica, 116, 192-195
 Costs of war, 12, 85, 311
 Court of arbitration at the Hague, 206, 261, 358
The crisis in Russia, Arthur Ransome, 197
 Cuba, 38
 Czecho-Slovakia, 258

D

- Danzig, 358
 Dawson, Coningsby, *It might have happened to you*, 159
 Dealey, James Quayle, *The State and Government*, 197
 Decallivé, Alembert, *Germany*, 178
Democracy and the human equation, Al-leyne Ireland, F. R. S., 160
Developing our foreign policy, 124
The development of modern diplomacy, Hon. James Brown Scott:
 I. The principle of the balance of power, 55-58
 II. Peaceful settlement of controversies between nations by means of arbitration, congresses, or judicial decisions, 96-101
Disarmament and cost of armament and war: a bibliography, 198
The divided States of Europe and the United States of America, Theodore Stanfield, 178-181
 Dole, Charles F.:
 Is justice our great word? 301-304
 A religion for the new day, 80
 Dos Passos, John, *Three soldiers*, 439
The dove still perches in Ireland, 394
 Drago, Louis Maria, 254
 Duggan, Stephen J., *The Institute of International Education*, 136

E

- Economic imperialism*, L. S. Woolf, 160
 Economic reconstruction, 112
 Egypt, 119, 237, 358
The Egyptian outbreaks, 237
 Eighteenth amendment, 50
 Espionage act, 101
The essence of democracy endures, 9
"Everyland," 369
Expected deadlock on free tolls, 346

F

- The facts*, 85
A family statement, 43
The famine, 287
 Far Eastern questions, 418-424
 Faunce, W. H. P., 330

- The federation of Central America*, 340-343
 Fellowship of reconciliation, 290
The first year of the league of nations, George Grafton Wilson, 159
 Foerster, Fr. W., *Mein Kampf gegen das militaristische und nationalistische Deutschland*, 39
 La Fontaine, Henri, *To the peace societies*, 291
 "The four horsemen of the Apocalypse," 171
 Four-power treaty, 403, 424
 France, 127, 439
 France and Angora, 669
Freedom of speech, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., 79
French foreign policy (1898-1914), Graham H. Stuart, 120
 Fried, Alfred Hermann, 11, 168
 Police force or moral force for the league of nations? 13
 From the inside of France, 300
 Frothingham, Robert, *Songs of horses—songs of dogs—songs of men*, 120
The future of international law, L. Oppenheim, 280

G

- German cabinets, 398
 German militarism, 331
 German "peace society" on reparation terms, 155
The German penalties defined, Lloyd George, 174-178
German students' pacifist alliance, 155
 Germany, Alembert Decallivé, 178
 Germany and China, 314
Germany and reparations, 154
Germany, reparations, and Allies' action, 110
 Germany, the United States, and the Allies, 187
Germany's reparation agreed upon by Allies, 63
 Ghandi, 252
 Gibbons, James, 132
The Glutton, 48
 Goemaere, Pierre, *Across America with the King of the Belgians*, 197
A governed world, 2, 42, 82, 122, 162, 203-204, 369
 Great Britain, 76, 118
 Great Britain and Spain, 74
Great men and great days, Stephen Lauzanne, 159
The great stage a show, 288
The "great war" and international law, Elihu Root, 225-230
 Greece, 75, 156, 396
 Grey, Lord, 437
Die Grossen Vier am Werk, Margarete Rothbarth, 440

H

- Haiti and the United States*, 36
 Hamilton, Sir Ian, 11
 Harding, Edwin L., *The work of the inter American high commission*, 292
 Harding, Warren G., 44, 83, 107-109, 123, 147, 372-374
Mr. Harding's history-making call for an international conference, 268
President Harding and the new hope, 83
President Harding's foreign policy, 147
President Harding's inaugural, 107-109
 Henry, Patrick, 406
 Herbert, Sidney, *Nationality and its problems*, 196
 Hewlett, Maurice, 91
The high cost of killing, 311
 Hobson, J. A., *The morals of economic internationalism*, 79
 Hoover, Herbert, *The problems of trade readjustment*, 294-297
 House, Edward Mandell and Charles Seymour, *What really happened at Paris*, 280
House and Senate clash over terms of peace resolution, 233
House beats Senate on peace resolution, 269
How the reduction of armaments may lessen the chances of war, 325-329
 Hughes, Charles Evans, *Opening speech of disarmament conference*, 374-377
Mr. Hughes insists upon American rights in Mexico, 232
 Hungary, 156, 239, 279

I

- The imperial conference*, 194, 251, 271-274
Increasing evidence that Americans are using a new international vision, 257-259
 India, 252
 Industrial problems, 14-17
The infinite pathos, 436
The institute of international education, Stephen J. Duggan, 136

- Institute of sociology of University of Turin, 317
 International conferences, 53, 228
 International court of justice, 4, 6, 24-31, 51, 59-63, 150, 229, 259-262, 323
 International education, 104-107
 International federation of trade unions, 438
 International institute of legal and economic information, 398
 International law—how it can be advanced, 156
 International organization — executive and administrative, James Brown Scott, 133-136
 International peace arch, 357
 The international peace year book, 1921, F. E. Pollard, 159
 International peace year book, 212
 The international service of the Pan American union, Dr. L. S. Rowe, 145
 Interparliamentary union, 107, 169, 184, 212, 317, 333-336, 348-351
 The interparliamentary union and the league of nations, Lord Weardale, 333-336
 Inter-racial co-operation in the South, John White, Jr., 297-300
 Ireland, Alleyne, F. R. S., *Democracy and the human equation*, 160
 The Irish problem, 75, 76, 91, 156, 172, 192, 235, 274-276, 307, 394, 433-435
 Irwin, Will, *The next war*, 240
 Is America safe for democracy? William McDougall, 319
 Is the end of war possible? 365
 Is justice our great word? Charles F. Dole, 301-304
 The isolation plan (non-intercourse) with annexes on the covenant, William H. Blymer, 360
 It is well, 325
 It might have happened to you, Coningsby Dawson, 159
 Italy and the world war, Thomas Nelson Page, 80
 Italy's internal affairs, 157
- J**
- Jameson, Dr. J. Franklin, *The world's recent troubles in the light of history*, 247-219
 Japan, 88, 90, 117, 118, 151, 153, 185, 249, 262-265, 336-338, 339, 357, 418-424
 Japan and the United States, 65
 The Japanese fight for disarmament, Isamu Kawakami, 262-265
 Japan's "grand old woman," 389
 Jones, Rufus, M., *War and the teaching of Jesus*, 428-431
 Jugo-Slavia, 76
- K**
- The Kaiser, 11, 79
 And the Kaiser abdicates, S. Miles Bouton, 79
 The Karelian question, 439
 Kawabé, Kisaburo, *The press and politics in Japan*, 159
 Kawakami, Isamu, *The Japanese fight for disarmament*, 262-265
 Kawakami, K. K., *What Japan thinks*, 439
 Korea, 13, 337, 390
 Korff, Baron S. A., *Statesmanship and moral ideals*, 381-385
- L**
- Ladd, William, 222, 323
 Land armament question, 414-417
 Langé, Dr. Christian L., 407
 Lansing, Robert:
 The peace negotiations: a personal narrative, 195
 A suggestion as to a possible policy in relation to the treaties of peace and the league of nations, 265-268
 Lauzanne, Stephen, *Great men and great days*, 159
 Law for an unruly world, Hon. Elihu Root, 51-53
 Law in war time, 101
 Lawrence, Henry W., Jr., *Preparedness*, 182
 The league, the Allies, and the United States, 149
 A league of the Americas, James L. Slayden, 231
 League of nations, 6, 13, 24-31, 31-33, 36, 44, 51-53, 70, 88, 89, 92-95, 111-113, 113-115, 124, 125, 147, 149, 150, 154, 227, 265-268, 333-336, 343-346, 397
 The league of nations starts, 279
 The league of nations at work, Arthur Sweetser, 80
 The league's assembly meeting at Geneva, 31
 The league's final act of alienation, 5
 Leaning toward the House disarmament plans, 236
 The lesson of West Virginia, 286
- Let the Washington conference inaugurate a system of periodic international conferences, Theodore Stanfield, 380
 Letter box, 77, 119, 318, 359, 439
 Limitation of armament stamp, 400, 440
 Limitations on the functions of international courts, Edwin M. Borchard, 259-262
 Limitations on the functions of international courts, Herbert A. Smith, 332
 Limiting armament and warriors, 48
 Limiting armaments, 364
 Lloyd George, 290
 The German penalties defined, 174-178
 Losing confidence in the old nostrum, 325
 Lynch, Frederick, *Personal recollections of Andrew Carnegie*, 80
- M**
- McDougall, William, *Is America safe for democracy?* 319
 Macdonell, Sir John, 133
 MacSwiney, Terence, *Principles of freedom*, 160
 The mad mullah of Somaliland, 318
 Mandate for Mesopotamia, 158
 Man's faith in his God, 330
 Mein Kampf gegen das militaristische und nationalistische Deutschland (My fight against the militaristic and nationalistic German), Fr. W. Foerster, 39
 Memorial concerning the upper Silesian question—a German view, 343-346
 Menonites, 9
 Mexican internal affairs, 157
 Mexico, 232, 240, 397
 Mexico and the Caribbean, 240
 Militarists have better of fighting in Congress, 238
 Military manpower, Lincoln C. Andrews, 279
 The mirrors of Downing street, 196
 The mirrors of Washington, 360
 Monroe doctrine, 34, 45
 Modern democracies, James Bryce, 196
 The morals of economic internationalism, J. A. Hobson, 79
 Morgan, Walter Amos, *Why did they come?* 425
 Morris, George Perry, 202, 395
 "Movement toward a Christian international," 396
 Murray, Gilbert, *The problem of foreign policy*, 320
- N**
- Nationalism in South Africa, 74
 Nationality and its problems, Sidney Herbert, 196
 Naval appropriations act for fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, 45
 The naval question, 409, 414
 The need of disarmament to relieve the exhausting strain on the nation's economic resources, Frank I. Cobb, 378-380
 New Hampshire peace society's report, Mary N. Chase, 115
 New peace technologists, 88
 The news and nothing but the news, 169
 News of Patrick Henry, 406
 The next war, Will Irwin, 240
 Nineteenth interparliamentary conference, 348-351
 Ninety-three years, 202-204
 The Nobel peace prize, 407
 Norway and the United States, 279
 Noyes, Pierrepont B., *While Europe waits for peace*, 119
- O**
- Opening the way, 165
 Oppenheim, L., *The future of international law*, 280
 Organizing for peace, 125
 Our friendships, Arthur Deerin Call, 215-217
 Our fulminating admiral, 249-251
 Outcroppings from the imperial conference, 271-274
 The outline of history, H. G. Wells, 399
 The outstanding need, 163
 Overseas carrying business, 8
 Owen, Wilfrid, 51
- P**
- The Pacific, 248
 Pacifism, 87, 407
 Page, Thomas Nelson, *Italy and the world war*, 80
 Palestine, 158, 358
 Pan African conference, 117
 Pan American union, 145
 Panama canal, 167, 207, 346, 366-368
 Panama, Costa Rica, and the United States, 192-195
 Panama and the United States, 74, 116
 Page, Kirby, *The sword or the cross?* 197
 Parasites, 10
- Parker, William Belmont, *Argentine of today*, 79
 Passports, 12, 329
 Passports as a means of grace, 329
 Peace begins at home, 45-47
 Peace between Canada and the United States, Manton M. Wyvell, 254-257
 Peace congress at Luxembourg, 289, 351-356
 The peace movement, 211, 245, 291
 The peace negotiations: a personal narrative, Robert Lansing, 195
 The peace resolution, 233, 246, 269
 To the peace societies, Henri la Fontaine, 291
 The peace society, 173, 212, 356
 Peaceful relations with Germany, 391-393
 Pepper, George Wharton, *America and the league of nations*, 92-95
 The permanent court of international justice, 59-63
 Permanent court of international justice a fact, 323
 Permanent peace fund, 210
 Perris, George H., 12
 Personal recollections of Andrew Carnegie, Frederick Lynch, 80
 Peruvian centenary celebration, 317
 Philippine insular rule, 77
 Philippines, 158, 435
 Pielotti, Cyril M., *The British year book of international law, 1920-21*, 39
 Poland, 74
 Police force or moral force for the league of nations, Dr. Alfred H. Fried, 13
 Pollard, F. E., *The international peace year book, 1921*, 159
 Porter, General Horace, 254
 Portugal, 368
 The Prague survey, 207
 Preparedness, Henry W. Lawrence, Jr., 182
 Present outlook for international peace, Hon. Theodore E. Burton, 219-222
 The President's message a victory for right thinking, 123
 Press congress of the world, 49
 The press and politics in Japan, Kisaburo Kawabé, 159
 Principles of freedom, Terence MacSwiney, 160
 The problem of foreign policy, Gilbert Murray, 320
 The problems of trade readjustment, Herbert Hoover, 294-297
 The prodigal returns, 245
 Progress in the disarmament preliminaries, 284
 Prophylaxis in the peace movement, Jackson H. Ralston, 138-140
 The psychological surgery of war, Ralph H. Bevan, 104-107
- Q**
- Quakers, 3, 152-154
 Queen Victoria, Lytton Strachey, 359
 The question of aborigines in the law and practice of nations, Alpheus Henry Snow, 398
- R**
- Ralston, Jackson H.:
 As to national interests, 431-433
 Prophylaxis in the peace movement, 138-140
 There can be no laws of war, 377
 Ransome, Arthur, *The crisis in Russia*, 197
 Ratifying an expurgated treaty, 7
 Reading, Lord, 133
 The recommendations of Habana, 370
 Red Cross, 437
 Reducing armament, 365
 Reely, Mary Katharine, *Selected articles on disarmament*, 440
 The referendum on war, 310
 A religion for the new day, Charles F. Dole, 80
 Reparation and "repairation," 47
 Reparations, 110, 154, 357
 Retiring the national war debt, and foreign debtors, 17-19
 Revolution and democracy, Frederick C. Howe, 320
 Rockefeller foundation, 36
 Rocking the Panama boat, 366-368
 Root, Elihu:
 The "great war" and international law, 225-230
 Law for an unruly world, 51-53
 Rothbarth, Margarete, *Die Grossen Vier am Werk*, 440
 Rowe, Dr. L. S., *The international service of the Pan American union*, 145
 Rumania, 157
 Rushmore, Elsie M., *Social workers' guide to the serial publications of representative social agencies*, 320
 Russell, Bertrand, *Bolshevism: practice and theory*, 80
 Russia, 35, 37, 73, 76, 287, 312-314
 Russia, Armenia, and the United States, 66-70

Russia on probation, 129

Russia and the United States, 189

Russian communism, 73

S

Sakatani, Baron, *War between the United States and Japan impossible*, 336-338
The salvaging of civilization, H. G. Wells, 319

San Domingo, 35

Sanity in the saddle, 244

Die Satzung des Völkerbundes, Prof. Walter

Schücking and Dr. Hans Wehberg, 440

Sayeth the Red Cross, which knows war, 437

A scavenger in France, William Bell, 319

A school for higher politics, 170

Schücking, Prof. Walter, and Dr. Hans Wehberg, *Die Satzung des Völkerbundes*, 440

"Science service," 173

Scott, Dr. James Brown, 243

Development of modern diplomacy:

I. The principle of the balance of power, 55-58

II. Peaceful settlement of controversies between nations by means of arbitration, congresses, or judicial decisions, 96-101

International organization—executive and administrative, 133-136

Suggestions for a governed world, 222-225

Selected articles on disarmament, Mary

Katharine Reely, 440

"Self-determination," 47

"Self-determination," President Nicholas Mur-

ray Butler, 54

Seymour, Charles, and Edward Mandell

House, *What really happened at Paris*, 280

Shantung, 339

Baron Shidehara's statement, 249

Siam, 73

Silesia, 315, 343-346, 397

Sims, Rear Admiral William S., 249-251

Since, therefore! 44

The sinister fact of Geneva, 6

Slayden, James L., *A league of the Ameri-*

cas, 231

Smith, Herbert A., *Limitations on the func-*

tions of international courts, 332

Snow, Alpheus Henry:

The American philosophy of govern-

ment, 398

The question of aborigines in the law

and practice of nations, 398

A social investment, 83

Social workers' guide to the serial publica-

tions of representative social agencies,

Elsie M. Rushmore, 320

Socialists in the United States, 38

Societies for moral progress, 358

Solving our industrial problem, John D. W.

Bodfish, 14-17

Solving the unsolvable, 86

Songs of horses—songs of dogs—songs of

men, Robert Frothingham, 120

The South and the Mennonites, 9

Sovietism, 35, 37

Sovietizing the United States, 405

Some such treaty inevitable, 404

Spain and Great Britain, 74

The speech by Charles E. Hughes, 374-377

Srinavasa Sastri, 438

Stanfield, Theodore:

The divided States of Europe and the

United States of America, 178-181

Let the Washington conference in-

augurate a system of periodic inter-

national conferences, 380

Starvation in Russia, 312-314

The State and Government, James Quayle

Dealey, 197

Statesmanship and moral ideals, Baron S. A.

Korff, 381-385

Still another sign, 166-168

Strachey, Lytton, *Queen Victoria*, 359

Stuart, Graham H., *French foreign policy*

(1898-1914), 120

Suffrage mandates, 38

A suggestion as to a possible policy in rela-

tion to the treaties of peace and the league

of nations, Robert Lansing, 265-268

Suggestions for a governed world, Dr. James

Brown Scott, 222-225, 242, 282, 322, 371

Supreme council and league "mandates," 151

Surcease of bloodshed in Ireland, 307

Sweetser, Arthur, *The league of nations at*

work, 80

The sword or the cross, Kirby Page, 197

T

Taxation in Germany, 277

Testimony from the new nations, 285

There can be no laws of war, Jackson H.

Ralston, 377

There might be a better beginning, 87

Three facts in American foreign policy, Ar-

thur Deerin Call, 140-145

Three soldiers, John Dos Passos, 439

To go slowly in the Philippines, 435

Tolstoyan non-resistance in the laboratory,

252

The trade agreement between China and Ger-

many, 314

Trades unionism, 35

Treaties of peace with Germany, Austria,

and Hungary, 325, 391-393

The treaty between Great Britain and Ire-

land, 433-435

A treaty of peace, 403

Treaty of Rapallo, 38

Treaty of Sèvres, 118

Treaty of Versailles, 47, 147, 227, 247, 265

Trial of war criminals in Leipzig, 252

Tribute to George Perry Morris, 395

Tribute to the unknown dead, President

Harding, 372-374

Turkey, 239

The twenty-first universal peace congress at

Luxemburg, 351-356

U

Unexpected victories for opponents of big

war outlays, 270

An unfortunate aversion, 131

Unionist triumph—a problem for Sinn Fein,

235

The United States, the Allies, and Yap, 190

United States, Costa Rica, Panama, 116

The United States and disarmament, 152-154

United States and Great Britain, 91

The United States and Ireland, 192

United States interests in the Caribbean sea,

118

The United States, international politics, and

the league, 70

The United States, the league, and politics,

111-113

The United States, politics, and the league,

31-33

United States representation at the Vatican,

195

The United States and San Domingo, 35

Upper Silesia—hope beneath the bloodshed,

205

V

Versailles treaty, 47, 147, 227, 247, 265

M. Viriani's mission, 150

The voice of Jerusalem, Israel Zangwill, 159

Von Bethmann-Hollweg, 12

Von Suttner, Bertha, 50, 396

Veterans of the world war, 50

W

War-armament costs, 386

War debts, 17-19, 20-22, 84, 132, 307-310,

326

War pensions in England, 316

War statistics, 85, 311, 326, 331, 386, 387,

388

War treaties are not peace treaties, 247

War and the teaching of Jesus, Rufus M.

Jones, 428-431

War between the United States and Japan

impossible, Baron Sakatani, 336-338

Wars to come, 77

War's poison squad, 168

Weardale, Lord, *The interparliamentary*

union and the league of nations, 333-336

Wehberg, Dr. Hans, and Prof. Walter

Schücking, *Die Satzung des Völkerbundes*,

440

Wells, H. G.:

The outline of history, 399

The salvaging of civilization, 319

What ails the world? 387-389

What is it? 407

What Japan and China say about Shantung,

339

What Japan thinks, K. K. Kawakami, 439

What really happened at Paris, Edward Man-

dell House and Charles Seymour, 280

What will they do with our money? 84

What and whom does this mean? 87

While Europe waits for peace, Pierrepont

B. Noyes, 119

White, John, Jr., *Inter-racial co-operation in*

the South, 297-300

Whittlesey, Lieut.-Col. Charles W., 436

Why did they come? Walter Amos Morgan,

425

"Why Germany must have colonies," 253

Wilson, George Grafton, *The first year of*

the league of nations, 159

Wilson, Woodrow, 131

Woolf, L. S., *Economic imperialism*, 160

A wrong settlement endangering the peace

of the Balkans, N. J. Cassavetes, 426-428

Wood, General Leonard, 438

A word to Mr. Harding, 44

The work of the inter American high com-

mission, Edwin L. Harding, 292

World debts and paper currency continue to

increase, O. P. Austin, 20-22

World peace, Fred H. Aldrich, 440

The world's recent troubles in the light of

history, Dr. J. Franklin Jameson, 217-219

Wounded in the house of its friends, 4

Wyvell, Manton M., *Peace between Canada*

and the United States, 254-257

Y

Yap, 151, 190, 337

Yajima, Mme. Kajo, 389

Young democracy, 126

Z

Zangwill, Israel, *The voice of Jerusalem*, 159

ADVOCATE OF PEACE THROUGH JUSTICE

Vol. 83

JANUARY, 1921

No. 1

C O N T E N T S

A Governed World 2

Editorials

Can It Be "A Happy New Year"?—Wounded in the House of Its Friends—The League's Final Act of Alienation—The Sinister Fact of Geneva—Ratifying an Expurgated Treaty—Disarmament—Overseas Carrying Business—The Essence of Democracy Endures—The South and the Mennonites—Parasites—Editorial Notes 1-13

General Articles

Police Force or Moral Force for the League of Nations? 13

By Dr. ALFRED H. FRIED

Solving Our Industrial Problem 14

By JOHN W. BODFISH

Retiring the National War Debt and Foreign Debtors 17

By Secretary of the Treasury HOUSTON

World Debts and Paper Currency Continue to Increase 20

By O. P. AUSTIN

It Is Reported 23

The Assembly of the League of Nations and the High Court of Justice 24

The League's Assembly Meeting at Geneva 31

The United States, Politics, and the League 31

Armenia and the United States 33

Secretary Colby and the Southern Republics 34

The United States and San Domingo 35

International Notes 36

Book Reviews 39

A Governed World

The American Peace Society urges upon the American Government, and upon all civilized nations, the following principles as the hopeful bases of a governed world. It may be said that these principles and proposals have the approval of the highest authorities on international law, of the Supreme Court of the United States, and of practically every accredited peace society and constructive peaceworker in America.

I. THE RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF NATIONS

Whereas the municipal law of civilized nations recognizes and protects the right to life, the right to liberty, the right to the pursuit of happiness as added by the Declaration of Independence of the United States of America, the right to legal equality, the right to property, and the right to the enjoyment of the aforesaid rights; and

Whereas these fundamental rights, thus universally recognized, create a duty on the part of the peoples of all nations to observe them; and

Whereas according to the political philosophy of the Declaration of Independence of the United States, and the universal practice of the American Republics, nations or governments are regarded as created by the people, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, and are instituted among men to promote their safety and happiness and to secure to the people the enjoyment of their fundamental rights; and

Whereas the nation is a moral or juristic person, the creature of law, and subordinate to law as is the natural person in political society; and

Whereas we deem that these fundamental rights can be stated in terms of international law and applied to the relations of the members of the society of nations, one with another, just as they have been applied in the relations of the citizens or subjects of the States forming the society of nations; and

Whereas these fundamental rights of national jurisprudence, namely, the right to life, the right to liberty, the right to the pursuit of happiness, the right to equality before the law, the right to property, and the right to the observance thereof are, when stated in terms of international law, the right of the nation to exist and to protect and to conserve its existence; the right of independence and the freedom to develop itself without interference or control from other nations; the right of equality in law and before law; the right to territory within defined boundaries and to exclusive jurisdiction therein; and the right to the observance of these fundamental rights; and

Whereas the rights and the duties of nations are, by virtue of membership in the society thereof, to be exercised and performed in accordance with the exigencies of their mutual interdependence expressed in the preamble to the Convention for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes of the First and Second Hague Peace Conferences, recognizing the solidarity which unites the members of the society of civilized nations; it should therefore be universally maintained by the nations and peoples of the world, that:

I. Every nation has the right to exist, and to protect and to conserve its existence; but this right neither implies the right nor justifies the act of the State to protect itself or to conserve its existence by the commission of unlawful acts against innocent and unoffending States.

II. Every nation has the right to independence in the sense that, it has a right to the pursuit of happiness and is free to develop itself without interference or control from other States, provided that in so doing it does not interfere with or violate the rights of other States.

III. Every nation is in law and before law the equal of every other nation belonging to the society of nations, and all nations have the right to claim and, according to the Declaration of Independence of the United States, "to assume, among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them."

IV. Every nation has the right to territory within defined boundaries and to exercise exclusive jurisdiction over its territory, and all persons whether native or foreign found therein.

V. Every nation entitled to a right by the law of nations is entitled to have that right respected and protected by all

other nations, for right and duty are correlative, and the right of one is the duty of all to observe.

VI. International law is at one and the same time both national and international: national in the sense that it is the law of the land and applicable as such to the decision of all questions involving its principles; international in the sense that it is the law of the society of nations and applicable as such to all questions between and among the members of the society of nations involving its principles.

II. AN INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM FOR PEACE THROUGH JUSTICE

Concerning international organization, adopted by the American Peace Society, January 22, 1917, and by the American Institute of International Law, at its second session, in the city of Habana, January 23, 1917.

I. The call of a Third Hague Conference to which every country belonging to the society of nations shall be invited and in whose proceedings every such country shall participate.

II. A stated meeting of the Hague Peace Conference which, thus meeting at regular, stated periods, will become a recommending if not a law-making body.

III. An agreement of the States forming the society of nations concerning the call and procedure of the Conference, by which that institution shall become not only internationalized, but in which no nation shall take as of right a preponderating part.

IV. The appointment of a committee, to meet at regular intervals between the conferences, charged with the duty of procuring the ratification of the conventions and declarations and of calling attention to the conventions and declarations in order to insure their observance.

V. An understanding upon certain fundamental principles of international law, as set forth in the Declaration of the Rights and Duties of Nations adopted by the American Institute of International Law on January 6, 1916, which are themselves based upon decisions of English courts and of the Supreme Court of the United States.

VI. The creation of an international council of conciliation to consider, to discuss, and to report upon such questions of a non-justiciable character as may be submitted to such council by an agreement of the Powers for this purpose.

VII. The employment of good offices, mediation, and friendly composition for the settlement of disputes of a non-justiciable nature.

VIII. The principle of arbitration in the settlement of disputes of a non-justiciable nature; also of disputes of a justiciable nature which should be decided by a court of justice, but which have, through delay or mismanagement, assumed such political importance that the nations prefer to submit them to arbiters of their own choice rather than to judges of a permanent judicial tribunal.

IX. The negotiation of a convention creating a judicial union of the nations along the lines of the Universal Postal Union of 1906, to which all civilized nations and self-governing dominions are parties, pledging the good faith of the contracting parties to submit their justiciable disputes—that is to say, their differences involving law or equity—to a permanent court of this union, whose decisions will bind not only the litigating nations, but also all parties to its creation.

X. The creation of an enlightened public opinion in behalf of peaceable settlement in general, and in particular in behalf of the foregoing nine propositions, in order that, if agreed to, they may be put into practice and become effective, in response to the appeal to that greatest of sanctions, "a decent respect to the opinions of mankind."